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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/586,531	05/31/2000	Shai Mohaban	50325-0085	6019
29989	7590 06/23/2004	EXAMINER		INER
HICKMAN PALERMO TRUONG & BECKER, LLP 1600 WILLOW STREET			FERRIS, DERRICK W	
SAN JOSE,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2663	1
			DATE MAILED: 06/23/2004	. 1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

• •	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	09/586,531	MOHABAN ET AL.				
nancery near.	Examiner 0	Art Unit				
	Derrick W. Ferris	2663				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
THE REPLY FILED 08 June 2004 FAILS TO PLACE TH Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this application application (ation. A proper reply to a				
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]					
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 C	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF The date on which the petition under 37 CF of extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply the later than three months after the mail	g date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP R 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension on the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or				
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal.						
2. \square The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:					
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);				
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	elow);					
 (c) they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or 	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying the				
(d) 🔲 they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.						
NOTE:						
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	ion(s):					
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	eparate, timely filed amendment				
5.⊠ The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet.						
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY to	o issues which were newly				
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.						
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed:						
Claim(s) objected to:						
Claim(s) rejected:						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) appr	roved or b) disapproved by the	he Examiner.				
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemer						
10. Other:	· · · · · · ·					

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The issue here may be claim interpretation. In particular, how the claims are interpreted in light of applicant's specification and in view of applicant's claim recitations. In short, applicant argues the following two items are at issue: (1) addressing specific network, transport, and next hop/previous hop parameters with respect to initiating an RSVP reservation process and (2) correlating these above-mentioned parameters to a RESV message.

With respect to issue (1), applicant's specification teaches that the RSVP path message may contain traffic flow parameters which include (a) source/destination IP address, (b) (transport) port number, (c) protocol and (d) next hop and previous hop parameters, see e.g., bottom of applicant's specification at page 15. Examiner notes that both the RSVP PATH and RSVP RESV messages contain (1) network parameters and (2) transport parameters as part of (a), (b) and (c) above and as further recited e.g., in applicant's claim 5. Thus the RSVP PATH message received by the proxy server as taught by Gai, see e.g., Section 3, contains elements (1) and (2). In other words, figure 1 in Section 3 (see page 6 of Gai) shows that the Host, Router or Policy may all determine the parameters in the RSVP PATH and RSVP RESV messages where the determining step initiates the RSVP reservation process in some form (i.e., how the RSVP reservation process is initiated is not recited in the claims and further where "determining whether to initiate" and "determining whether to establish" may NOT be equivalent as also recited in the claims). Furthermore, RFC 2205 confirms that elements (a) and (b) are found in the RSVP PATH and RESV messages. However, an important distinction is that a previous hop PHOP is determined in the PATH message and an NHOP is determined in the RESV message as mentioned in sections 3.1.2 and 3.1.3 in reference to RFC 2205 and as further alluded to by applicant at page 19, lines 10-15 of applicant's specification. Thus the RSVP receiver (e.g., an RSVP proxy receiver) must determine an NHOP when transmitting a RESV message while an RSVP sender must determine PHOP. For example, the RSVP proxy of Gai determines (i.e., generates) the NHOP value as part of the RSVP RESV message mentioned in section 4.1. In clarifying the rejection, examiner would like to point out that the examiner assumes a reasonable but broad interpretation of using the parameters to determine whether to initiate an RSVP reservation process. Specifically, determining whether to initiate an RSVP process is determined by sending out an RSVP PATH message and/or an RSVP RESV message. It is the examiner's recommendation that the applicant clean up the claims to clarify which element is performing the steps of determining. In particular, which element is performing determining a PHOP since according to RFC 2205 the sender (and not the (proxy) receiver) determines the PHOP. The examiner also recommends that applicant further clarify what is meant by determining whether to initiate an RSVP reservation process (e.g., determining whether to initiate an RSVP reservation process at an anticipated receiver). If in fact applicant is arguing that the receiver determines the PHOP then examiner notes there may be a 112-first paragraph rejection issue with respect to applicant's specification.

With respect to issue (2) of correlating these above-mentioned parameters to a RESV message, Gai teaches that the policy server makes a determination based on relevant information contained in the PATH message. The policy server then makes a decision as to whether to generate an RESV message based on this received information, see e.g., page 7 of Gia. Since (1) network parameters, (2) transport parameters, and (3) hop parameters are all sent to the policy server, the policy server correlates these parameters to a RESV message. Examiner would like to further point out that all three references also teach monitoring the QoS data where the QoS is part of the RSVP PATH message such that the QoS data is also used to determine whether to initiate an RSVP reservation and further where the QoS data is further correlated with the RESV message..

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